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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2018 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM NSW Duty:	
vendor's agent	WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF AN AGENT	
t		
co-agent		
vendor	Jamie Scott Oorschot 20 Maitland Road, Islington NSW 2296	
vendor's solicitor	Sarjo Conveyancing Phone: 4943 88 2/2 Glebe Street, Kahibah NSW 2290 Fax: 4943 72 PO Box 5248, Kahibah NSW 2290 Ref: JH:18/0	20
date for completion	28 days after the date of this contract (clause 15)	
land (address, plan details and title reference)	28 Hexham Street, Kahibah NSW 2289 Lot A in Deposited Plan 367903 Folio Identifier A/367903	
improvements	☐ HOUSE☐ garage☐ carport☐ home unit☐ carspace☐ storage spa☐ none☐ other: garden shed	ce
attached copies	☐ documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered: ☐ other documents:	
A real estate ager inclusions	ent is permitted by <i>legislation</i> to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential blinds	property.
exclusions	dishwasher, oven & cooktop	
purchaser		
purchaser's solicitor		
price deposit balance	\$ (10% of the price, unless otherw	ise stated)
contract date	(if not stated, the date this contract v	was made)
buyer's agent		
vendor		witness
	GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of: \$	
purchaser	IT TENANTS ☐ tenants in common ☐ in unequal shares	witness

Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i> (clause 3) Proposed <i>electronic transaction</i> (clause 30)	☐ NO ☐ no	☐ yes ⊠ YES	
Tax information (the parties promise	e this is correct as	far as each party	is aware)
Land tax is adjustable GST: Taxable supply Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supple	□ NO □ NO v □ NO	☐ yes ☐ yes in full ☐ yes	yes to an extent
This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of not made in the course or furtherance of an ent by a vendor who is neither registered nor requir GST-free because the sale is the supply of a good GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land input taxed because the sale is of eligible resident	of the following may erprise that the ven ed to be registered bing concern under dor farm land suppli	apply) the sale is: dor carries on sect for GST (section 9 section 38-325 ed for farming unde	ion 9-5(b)) -5(d)) r Subdivision 38-O
Purchaser must make an <i>RW payment</i> (residential withholding payment)	□NO	yes (if yes, ve further de	endor must provide stails)
		vendor must provid	fully completed at the de all these details in a contract date.
RW payment (residential with	holding payment)	– further details	
Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. How which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the	vever, sometimes fu vendor is part of a 0 venture.	ırther information v 3ST group or a paı	vill be required as to rticipant in a GST joint
Supplier's name:	vontare.		
Supplier's ABN:			
Supplier's business address:			
Supplier's email address:			
Supplier's phone number:			
Supplier's proportion of RW payment: \$			
If more than one supplier, provide the above deta	ils for each supplie	r.	
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the RN	W rate (residential v	vithholding rate): \$	
Amount must be paid: AT COMPLETION at and	other time (specify):		
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount	in money? 🔲 NC) 🔲 yes	
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the no	n-monetary conside	eration: \$	
Other details (including those required by regulation or	the ATO forms):		

List of Documents

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)			
□ 1 property certificate for the land	32 property certificate for strata common property			
□ 2 plan of the land	33 plan creating strata common property			
☐ 3 unregistered plan of the land	☐ 34 strata by-laws			
☐ 4 plan of land to be subdivided	☐ 35 strata development contract or statement			
☐ 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan	36 strata management statement			
	☐ 37 strata renewal proposal			
Environmental Planning and Assessment Act	38 strata renewal plan			
1979	☐ 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common			
7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)	property			
8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service	40 property certificate for neighbourhood property			
location diagram)	41 plan creating neighbourhood property			
☑ 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service	42 neighbourhood development contract			
diagram)	43 neighbourhood management statement44 property certificate for precinct property			
□ 10 document that created or may have created an				
easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or	☐ 45 plan creating precinct property☐ 46 precinct development contract			
positive covenant disclosed in this contract	47 precinct management statement			
11 planning agreement	48 property certificate for community property			
12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)	49 plan creating community property			
13 survey report	50 community development contract			
☐ 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under <i>legislation</i>	50 community management statement			
☐ 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or	57 community management statement 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws			
variation)	53 document disclosing a change in a development			
☐ 16 other document relevant to tenancies	or management contract or statement			
☐ 17 licence benefiting the land	☐ 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries			
☐ 18 old system document	☐ 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes			
☐ 19 Crown purchase statement of account	Management Act 2015			
☐ 20 building management statement	☐ 56 information certificate under Community Land			
□ 21 form of requisitions	Management Act 1989			
22 clearance certificate	57 document relevant to off-the-plan sale			
23 land tax certificate	Other			
Home Building Act 1989	□ 58			
24 insurance certificate				
25 brochure or warning				
26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover				
Swimming Pools Act 1992				
27 certificate of compliance				
28 evidence of registration				
29 relevant occupation certificate				
30 certificate of non-compliance				
31 detailed reasons of non-compliance				
HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone				
number				

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING-LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act* 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. The purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 p.m. on the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made, EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3.
- 3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

Australian Taxation Office

Council

County Council

Department of Planning and Environment

Department of Primary Industries

East Australian Pipeline Limited

Electricity and gas

Land & Housing Corporation

Local Land Services

NSW Department of Education

NSW Fair Trading

NSW Public Works Advisory

Office of Environment and Heritage

Owner of adjoining land

Privacy

Roads and Maritime Services Subsidence Advisory NSW

Telecommunications
Transport for NSW

Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. The purchaser will usually have to pay stamp duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the property for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion; adiustment date

the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank

bank, a building society or a credit union;

any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday; business day

a cheque that is not postdated or stale; cheque

a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that clearance certificate

covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract

date to completion;

a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount deposit-bond

each approved by the vendor;

vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's depositholder

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

document relevant to the title or the passing of title; document of title

the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as FRCGW percentage

at 1 July 2017);

A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999 GST Act

the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax GST rate

Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act; legislation

subject to any other provision of this contract; normally each of the vendor and the purchaser; party

the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; property planning agreement

a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property;

an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim); reauisition

the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the remittance amount

amount specified in a variation served by a party;

rescind this contract from the beginning; rescind

a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA RW payment

Act (the price multiplied by the RW rate);

RW rate the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as

at 1 July 2018 usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);

serve in writing on the other party; serve

an upendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and settlement cheque

rissued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

If authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other

cheaue:

in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this solicitor

contract or in a notice served by the party; Taxation Administration Act 1953; TA Act

terminate this contract for breach; terminate

a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act; variation in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and within

a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be work order spent on or in relation to the property or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or

clause 18B of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2008).

Deposit and other payments before completion 2

The purchaser must pay the deposit to the depositholder as stakeholder. 2.1

- Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential. 2.2
- If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential. 2.3
- The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a cheque 2.4 to the depositholder or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's solicitor for sending to the depositholder.
- If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a cheque for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, 2.5 the vendor can terminate. This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply. 2.6
- If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance. 2.7

- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as
 - 3.5.1 the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is rescinded.
- 3.10 If this contract is terminated by the vendor
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-band* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is terminated by the purchase
 - 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *ermination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion
 - 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
 - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser serves a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by serving it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- The purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

The purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed -
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the parties do not appoint an arbitrator and neither party requests the President to appoint an arbitrator within 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor serves a notice of intention to rescind that specifies the requisition and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract:
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vender to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can —

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit to maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the termination; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause within 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either -
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* (`service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;

- a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the property or the title, not set out or 10.1.5 referred to in this contract;
- 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
- the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum: 10.1.7
- any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract 10.1.8 or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, 10.1.9 priority notice or writ).
- The purchaser cannot rescind or terminate only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions. 10.2
- Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to 10.3 change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

Compliance with work orders 11

- Normally, the vendor must by completion comply with a work order made on or before the contract date and 11.1 if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other work order.
- If the purchaser complies with a work order, and this contract is rescinded or terminated, the vendor must 11.2 pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

Certificates and inspections 12

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -

- to have the property inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required; 12.1
- to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -12.2
 - any certificate that can be given in respect of the property under legislation; or 12.2.1
 - a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the property 12.2.2 given under legislation, even if given after the contract date: and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the property in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

Goods and services tax (GST) 13

- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the 13.1 GST Act have the same meaning in this clause.
- Normally, if a party must pay the price or any other amount to the other party under this contract, GST is not 13.2 to be added to the price or amount.
- If under this contract a party must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an 13.3 expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) – 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but

 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or 13.3.2 payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the GST rate. 13.3.3
- If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern -13.4
 - the parties attee the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern; 13.4.1
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted 13.4.2 on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the parties must complete and the 13.4.3 purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the GST rate ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the depositholder and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser, but
 - if the purchaser does not serve that letter within 3 months of completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating 13.4.4 the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property. 13.5
- If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the parties agree that the 13.6 margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the property.
- If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply -13.7
 - the purchaser promises that the property will not be used and represents that the purchaser 13.7.1 does not intend the property (or any part of the property) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and

- the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated 13.7.2 by multiplying the price by the GST rate if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the property, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if -
 - 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -13.9
 - clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the property which is identified as being a taxable 13.9.1
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the 13.9.2 relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the property to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- Normally, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply 13.10 by the vendor by or under this contract.
- The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable 13.11
- If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before 13.12 completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- If the purchaser must make an RW payment the purchaser must -13.13
 - at least 5 days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of an RW payment 13.13.1 notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been served, by the transferee named in the transfer served with that direction;
 - produce on completion a settlement cheque for the RW payment payable to the Deputy 13.13.2 Commissioner of Taxation;
 - forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and 13.13.3
 - serve evidence of receipt of payment of the Rw payment. 13.13.4

14 **Adjustments**

- Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.

 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion. 14.1
- 14.2
- If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under legislation, the parties must on 14.3 completion adjust the reduced amount.
- The parties must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any 14.4 other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a 14.4.1 predecessor (natitle) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -14.4.2
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the 14.5 parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- Normally, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a settlement cheque on completion to pay an 14.6 amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and 14.6.1
 - the cheque must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the 14.6.2 cheque relates only to the property or by the vendor in any other case).
- If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the 14.7 adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the 14.8 property or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The parties must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a party can serve a notice to complete if that party is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- Normally, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgement fee to the purchaser, plus another 20% of that fee.
- 16.6 If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, on completion the vendor must give the purchaser a land tax certificate showing the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- 16.7 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque -
 - 16.7.1 the price less any:
 - deposit paid;
 - · remittance amount payable;
 - RW payment; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract, and
 - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *deposit holder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Part 2, 3, 4 or 5 Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion -
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
 - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and

- if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest 18.5.2 at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property. 18.6
- If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable. 18.7

19 Rescission of contract

- If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right -19.1
 - only by serving a notice before completion; and 19.1.1
 - in spite of any making of a claim or requisition, any attempt to satisfy a claim or requisition, any 19.1.2 arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation –
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 1922 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages, costs or expenses. 19.2.4

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The parties acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract. 20.2
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4
- If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together. A party's solicitor can receive any amount payable to the party under this contract or direct in writing that it is 20.5 to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is
 - signed by a party if it is signed by the party or the party solicitor (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
 - served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor, 20.6.2
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even in the party has died or any of them has died;
 - served if it is served in any manner provided in \$170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919; 20.6.4
 - served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received; 20.6.5
- 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.

 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay 20.7 if the party does the thing persocally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or 20.7.1 if the party pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable. 20.7.2
- Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17 24 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights 20.8
- The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights. 20.9
- 20.10
- The vendor does not promise represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current. A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to 20.11 any corresponding later in gislation.
- Each party must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the party's obligations under this 20.12 contract.
- Neither taking passession nor *serving* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title. 20.13
- The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 3) are, to the extent of each 20.14 party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is 20.15 marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time. 21.1
- If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies. 21.2
- The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to 21.3 happen.
- If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does 21.4 not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a business day, the time is extended to the next business day, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the 22.1 transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*. 22.2

23 Strata or community title

Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract;
 or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
 - 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot;
 - 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit partitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1 -
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme -
 - a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme substantially disadvantages the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or

- 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give a strata renewal plan to the owners in the scheme for their consideration and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.
- Notices, certificates and inspections
- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each party can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.
 - Meetings of the owners corporation
- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion -
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.
- 24 Tenancies
- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if -
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the ease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion -
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose;
 and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and

- 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.
- 25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title
- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 normally, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title -
 - 25.7.1 normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.
- 26 Crown purchase money
- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.
- 27 Consent to transfer
- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a planning agreement.
- The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that party can rescind within 7 days after receipt by or service upon the party of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a planning agreement; or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

- 28 Unregistered plan
- This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan. 28.1
- The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered within 6 months after the contract 28.2 date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under legislation.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner
 - the purchaser can rescind; and
 - the vendor can rescind, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any 28.3.2 legislation governing the rescission.
- Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number. 28.4
- The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice. 28.5
- Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered. 28.6

29 **Conditional contract**

- This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event. 29.1
- If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date. 29.2
- If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party. 29.3
- if anything is necessary to make the event happen, each party must do whatever is reasonably necessary to 29.4 cause the event to happen.
- 29.5
- A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4. If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially 29.6 disadvantage a party who has the benefit of the provision, the party can research within 7 days after either party serves notice of the condition.
- If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -29.7
 - es can lawfully complete without the event happening if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, a party who has the benefit of the 29.7.1 provision can rescind within 7 days after the end of that time;
 - if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a party who has 29.7.2 the benefit of the provision can rescind within 7 days after either party serves notice of the
 - the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the 29.7.3
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -29.8
 - if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind; 29.8.1
 - if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either party can 29.8.2
 - the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either 29.8.3 party serves notice of the event happening.
- A party cannot rescind their clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens. 29.9

Electronic transaction 30

- This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if -30.1
 - this contract says that it is a proposed electronic transaction; 30.1.1
 - the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an electronic transaction; or 30.1.2
 - the conveyancing rules require it to be conducted as an electronic transaction. 30.1.3
- However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction -30.2
 - if the land is not electronically tradeable or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; 30.2.1
 - if, at any time after it has been agreed that it will be conducted as an electronic transaction, a 30.2.2 party serves a notice that it will not be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- If, because of clause 30.2.2, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic 30.3 transaction
 - each party must -30.3.1
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;
 - incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction: and
 - if a party has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne 30.3.2 equally by the parties, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.

- If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction -30.4
 - to the extent, but only to the extent, that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with 30.4.1 this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
 - normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as 30.4.2 Electronic Workspace and Lodgement Case) have the same meaning which they have in the participation rules:
 - the parties must conduct the electronic transaction in accordance with the participation rules and 30.4.3 the ECNL:
 - a party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry 30.4.4 as a result of this transaction being an electronic transaction;
 - any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made -30.4.5
 - after the effective date; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;

is taken to have been received by that party at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- a document which is an electronic document is served as soon as it is first Digitally Signed in the 30.4.6 Electronic Workspace on behalf of the party required to serve it.
- Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the effective date -30.5
 - create an Electronic Workspace; 30.5.1
 - populate the Electronic Workspace with title data, the date for completion and, if applicable, 30.5.2 mortgagee details; and
 - invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to the Electronic Workspace. 30.5.3
- If the vendor has not created an Electronic Workspace in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may 30.6 create an Electronic Workspace. If the purchaser creates the Electronic Workspace the purchaser must
 - populate the Electronic Workspace with title data; 30.6.1
 - 30.6.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion 30.6.3 time: and
 - invite the vendor and any incoming mortgage to join the Electronic Workspace. 30.6.4
- Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace, the 30.7 purchaser must
 - join the Electronic Workspace; 30.7.1
 - 30.7.2
 - 30.7.3
 - create and populate an electronic transfer, invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time. 30.7.4
- If the purchaser has created the Electronic Workspace the vendor must within 7 days of being invited to the 30.8 Electronic Workspace
 - join the Electronic Workspace; 30.8.1
 - populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and 30.8.2
 - invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace. 30.8.3
- To complete the financial settlement schedule in the Electronic Workspace -30.9
 - the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before 30.9.1 the date for completion; and
 - the verdor must populate the Electronic Workspace with payment details at least 1 business day 30.9.2 before the date for completion.
- At least 1 business day before the date for completion, the parties must ensure that -30.10
 - all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction 30.10.1 are populated and Digitally Signed;
 - all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and 30.10.2
 - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the Electronic Workspace which that party must do to enable the electronic transaction to proceed to completion.
- If completion takes place in the Electronic Workspace -30.11
 - payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be 30.11.1 payment by a single settlement cheque;
 - the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and 30.11.2
 - clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply. 30.11.3
- If the computer systems of any of the Land Registry, the ELNO or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.
- If the Electronic Workspace allows the parties to choose whether financial settlement is to occur despite the 30.13 computer systems of the Land Registry being inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties
 - normally, the parties must choose that financial settlement not occur; however 30.13.1

- if both parties choose that financial settlement is to occur despite such failure and financial 30.13.2 settlement occurs
 - all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor, the certificate of title and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgement Case for the electronic transaction shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the certificate of title; and
 - the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to 30.14 the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- If the parties do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that 30.15 cannot be delivered through the Electronic Workspace, the party required to deliver the documents or things
 - holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and 30.15.1
 - must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; 30.15.2 the party entitled to them.
- In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -30.16

details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; adjustment figures the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists certificate of title

immediately prior to completion and, if more than one refers to each such paper

duplicate:

the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to completion time

be settled:

the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900; conveyancing rules

discharging mortgagee

any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to

be transferred to the purchaser;

the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW); **ECNL**

the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an electronic effective date

transaction under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract

a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and electronic document

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

a transfer of and under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be electronic transfer

prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the

purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal electronic transaction

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules;

electronically tradeable a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the

conveyancing rules;

any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the incoming mortgagee

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price; the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any

discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;

the participation rules as determined by the ENCL; participation rules -

populate

to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and

the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace title data by the Land Registry.

Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding 31

This clause applies only if -31.1

mortgagee details

- the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the TA 31.1.1
- a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract. 31.1.2
- 31.2 The purchaser must
 - at least 5 days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a purchaser 31.2.1 payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been served, by the transferee named in the transfer served with that direction;
 - produce on completion a settlement cheque for the remittance amount payable to the Deputy 31.2.2 Commissioner of Taxation;
 - forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and 31.2.3

- 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the remittance amount.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

28 Hexham street KAHIBAH NSW 2290

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

1. Warranty as to Agent

The Purchaser warrants that he was not introduced to the property by any Real Estate Agent other than the Agent shown on the front page of this contract. Should any other Real Estate Agent make a successful claim for commission against the Vendor based on the fact that such agent introduced the Purchaser to the property then the Purchaser will indemnify the Vendor in respect of such commission and in respect of all costs of and incidental to such claim for commission incurred by Vendor. This clause shall not merge on completion.

2. Purchaser's Acknowledgement

The Purchaser acknowledges he has not been induced to enter into this contract by any statement made or given by the Vendor or on behalf of the Vendor. The property is sold in its present state of condition and repair as inspected by the Purchaser. The Purchaser has relied upon his own inspection of the property and will not make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation in regard to the foregoing matters or any of them.

3. Exchange with Electronic Signatures

- i) Execution by either or both parties of a facsimile or email version of this contract and transmission by facsimile or email of the executed contract to the other party shall constitute a valid and binding execution of this contract.
- ii) For the purposes of the *Electronic Transactions Act 1999* (Cth) and the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000* (NSW) each of the parties consent to receiving and sending the contract electronically.

4. Payment of Deposit by Instalments

The Purchaser acknowledges that the deposit payable is ten percent (10%) of the purchase price. If the Vendor agrees that the deposit may be paid by instalments, then notwithstanding any other provision of this contract, the Purchaser shall pay the deposit as follows;

- i) on or before the date of this contract, 5% of the purchase price in accordance with clauses 2.1 and 2.2 of the printed contract; and
- ii) the balance of 10% on completion or upon default of the Purchaser;

5. Payment of Deposit under Cooling Off Period

Should a cooling off period apply then the Purchaser may pay the deposit as follows:

- i) on or before the date of this contract, 0.25% of the purchase price in accordance with clauses 2.1 and 2.2 of the printed contract; and
- ii) in the event of the Purchaser proceeding with the purchase, on or before 4pm on the fifth business day after the date of this contract, a further 9.75% of the purchase price or lesser amount as agreed between the parties.

6. Deposit Bond

i) The word "bond" means the deposit bond issued to the Vendor at the request of the Purchaser by the bond provider.

- ii) Subject to the following clauses, the delivery of the bond on exchange to the person nominated in this contract to hold the deposit, or the Vendor's solicitor, will be deemed to be payment of the deposit in accordance with this contract.
- iii) The Purchaser must pay the amount stipulated in the bond to the Vendor in cash or by unendorsed bank cheque on completion, or at such other time as may be provided for the deposit to be accounted to the Vendor.
- iv) If the Vendor serves on the Purchaser a written notice claiming to forfeit the deposit, then to the extent that the amount has not already been paid by the bond provider under the bond, the Purchaser must immediately pay the deposit (or so much thereof as has not been paid) to the person nominated in this contract to hold the deposit.
- v) The Vendor acknowledges that payment by the Guarantor under the Guarantee shall, to the extent of the amount paid, be in satisfaction of the Purchaser's obligation to pay the deposit under paragraph (v) above.

7. Notice to Complete

Despite any rule of law or equity to the contrary, the Vendor and Purchaser agree that any notice to complete under this contract will be reasonable as to time if a period of 14 days from the date of service of the notice is allowed for completion.

In the event the Vendor issues a Notice to Complete then the Purchaser agrees to pay the sum of \$330.00 to the Vendor's Solicitor/Conveyancer on completion to reimburse the Vendor for the cost of issuing the notice to recover any other damages.

8. Interest

If the Purchaser does not complete this purchase by the completion date, and the Vendor is ready, willing and able to complete this purchase, the Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor on completion, in addition to the balance purchase money, an amount calculated as ten per cent (10%) interest on the balance purchase money, computed at a daily rate from the day immediately after the completion date to the day on which this sale shall be completed. It is agreed that this amount is a genuine pre-estimate of the Vendor's loss of interest for the purchase money and liability for rates and outgoings.

9. Electronic Settlement

The parties agree that completion is to take place as an electronic transaction. Should the Purchaser serve a notice under clause 30.2 of the contract, the provisions of clause 30.3 do not apply and the Purchaser will pay to the Vendor an amount of \$165.00 (inclusive of GST) on completion. This amount represents additional legal costs incurred by the Vendor as a consequence of the Purchaser requiring the Vendor's representative to physically attend settlement.

10. Contract Alterations

The parties authorise their respective legal representatives to make alterations to this contract after execution by a party. Such alterations will be binding on the party as if the alterations were made prior to execution by that party.

11. Abstracts of Title/Old System Documents

The Vendor is not obliged to provide abstracts of title or old system documents that are not in the control or possession of the Vendor.

12. Capacity

Without in any way negating, limiting or restricting any rights or remedies which would have been available to either party at law or in equity had this special condition not been included, if either party (and if more than one person comprises that first party then any one of them) prior to completion:

- i) Die or becomes mentally ill, then the Vendor may rescind this contract by notice in writing to the other party and the contract will come to an end and the provisions of clause 19 will apply
- ii) Being a Company, has a summons or application for its winding up presented or has a liquidator, receiver or voluntary administrator of it appointed, or enters into any deed of company arrangement or scheme of arrangement with its creditors, then the first party will be in default under this contract.

13. Delivery of Notices

Notwithstanding the provisions contained in clause 20.6 hereof, a notice or document shall be deemed to have been served for the purpose of this Agreement if the notice or document is sent by facsimile transmission or email and in any such case shall be deemed to be duly given or made when the transmission has been completed.

14. Mine Subsidence

The Purchaser may rescind this contract if the property is within a proclaimed Mine Subsidence district and the owner of the improvements of the land is not entitled as at the date of this contract to claim compensation from the Mine Subsidence Board in respect of any damage to the land or improvements arising from Mine Subsidence and written communication from the Mine Subsidence Board to that effect will be conclusive for the purpose of this clause. The provisions of clause 19 shall apply.

15. Guarantee where Purchaser is a Company

If the Purchaser is a Company, the officers or persons who sign this contract on behalf of the Company or who attests the Seal of the Company on this contract:

- i) Jointly and separately guarantees all obligations of the Purchaser under this Agreement including the payment of the purchase price; and
- ii) Jointly and separately indemnifies the Vendors in respect of any default of the Purchaser under this Agreement; and

This guarantee and indemnity is given by each Guarantor as Principal and is not discharged or released by any release or variation of this Agreement between the Vendor and Purchaser.

16. Claims for Compensation

Notwithstanding the provisions of clauses 6 & 7 hereof the parties expressly agree that any claim for compensation shall be deemed to be an objection or requisition for the purpose of clause 8 hereto entitling the Vendor to rescind this contract.

17. Requisitions

Any requisitions submitted by the Purchaser under clause 5 of this contract must be submitted in the form attached to this contract.

18. **GST**

The Purchaser warrants that the property will be used predominately for residential accommodation. The Purchaser will indemnify the Vendor against any liability to pay GST arising from breach of this warranty. This clause shall not merge on completion.

19. Amendment to Law Society of NSW Contract clauses

The Law Society of NSW clauses of this contract are amended as follows:

- i) clause 16.5 delete the words "plus another 20% of that fee"
- ii) clause 16.8 delete "5" and insert "8"
- iii) clause 25.1.1 delete "limited"

If there is any conflict or inconsistency between these special conditions and the printed clauses of this contract, these special conditions shall apply.

20. Sewer Service Location Diagram

The Purchaser acknowledges that Hunter Water Corporation does not, in the ordinary course of administration, make available individual internal lot connection diagrams. For the purposes of satisfying the *Conveyancing Sale of Land Regulation 2017*, Schedule 1, the "Service Location Plan" attached to this contract is sufficient.

21. Solar Panels

If solar panels are installed at the property:

- i) It is a matter for enquiry and confirmation by the purchaser as to whether any benefits, currently provided to the Vendor by agreement with the current energy supplier with respect to feed-in tariffs, pass with the sale of this property.
- ii) The Purchaser agrees to negotiate with the current energy supplier or an energy supplier of their choice with respect to any feed-in tariffs for the electricity generated, or any other benefits provided by the solar panels and the Purchaser shall indemnify and hold harmless the Vendor against any claims for any benefits whatsoever with respect to the solar panels; and
- iii) The Vendor makes no representation or warranty with respect to the solar panels in relation to their condition, state of repair, fitness for the purposes for which they were installed, their input to the electricity grid or any benefits arising from any electricity generated by the solar panels.

RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor:
Purchaser:
Property:
Dated:

Possession and tenancies

- 1. Vacant possession of the property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
- 2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the property or any part of it?
- 3. (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
 - (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
 - (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
 - (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
 - (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
 - (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
- 4. Is the property affected by a protected tenancy? (A tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948.)
- 5. If the tenancy is subject to the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW);
 - (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal for an order?
 - (b) any orders been made by the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy? If so, please provide details.

Title

- 6. Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the property free from all encumbrances.
- 7. On or before completion, any mortgage or caveat or writ must be discharged, withdrawn or cancelled as the case may be) or, in the case of a mortgage or caveat, an executed discharge or withdrawal handed over on completion.
- 8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
- 9. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
- 10. Are the inclusions or fixtures subject to any charge or hiring agreement? If so, details must be given and any indebtedness discharged prior to completion or title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

- 11. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
- 12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
 - (a) to what year has a return been made?
 - (b) what is the taxable value of the property for land tax purposes for the current year?

Survey and building

- 13. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the property is available and that there are no encroachments by or upon the property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation.
- 14. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.
- 15. (a) Have the provisions of the *Local Government Act*, the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and their regulations been complied with?
 - (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
 - (c) Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate issued under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.

- (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
 - (i) please identify the building work carried out;
 - (ii) when was the building work completed;
 - (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
 - (iv) please provide details of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989.
- 16. Has the vendor (or any predecessor) entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the property?
- 17. If a swimming pool is included in the property:
 - (a) when did construction of the swimming pool commence?
 - (b) is the swimming pool surrounded by a barrier which complies with the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992?
 - (c) if the swimming pool has been approved under the Local Government Act 1993, please provide details.
 - (d) are there any outstanding notices or orders?
- 18. (a) To whom do the boundary fences belong?
 - (b) Are there any party walls?
 - (c) If the answer to Requisition (b) is yes, specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall and produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.
 - (d) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls?
 - (e) Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the Dividing Fences Act 1991 or the Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922?

Affectations

- 19. Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use other than those disclosed in the Contract?
- 20. Is the vendor aware of:
 - (a) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through the land?
 - (b) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of the land?
 - (c) any latent defects in the property?
- 21. Has the vendor any notice or knowledge that the property is affected by the following:
 - (a) any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition?
 - (b) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on the property or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
 - (c) any work done or intended to be done on the property or the adjacent street which may create a charge on the property or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
 - (d) any sum due to any local or public authority? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
 - (e) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining the property?
 - (f) any contamination?
- 22. (a) Does the property have the benefit of water, sewerage, drainage, electricity, gas and telephone services?
 - (b) If so, do any of the connections for such services pass through any adjoining land?
 - (c) Do any service connections for any other property pass through the property?
- 23. Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from the property or to an easement over any part of the property?

Capacity

24. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

- 25. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- 26. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- 27. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
- 28. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
- 29. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at completion date.





NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: A/367903

NO CERTIFICATE OF TITLE HAS ISSUED FOR THE CURRENT EDITION OF THIS FOLIO. CONTROL OF THE RIGHT TO DEAL IS HELD BY WESTPAC BANKING CORPORATION.

LAND

LOT A IN DEPOSITED PLAN 367903 LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA LAKE MACQUARIE PARISH OF KAHIBAH COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND TITLE DIAGRAM DP367903

FIRST SCHEDULE

JAMIE SCOTT OORSCHOT

(T AC855235)

SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)

2 DP1051299 EASEMENT TO DRAIN WATER 2 METRE(S) WIDE AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN DP1051299

3 AH688554 MORTGAGE TO WESTPAC BANKING CORPORATION

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

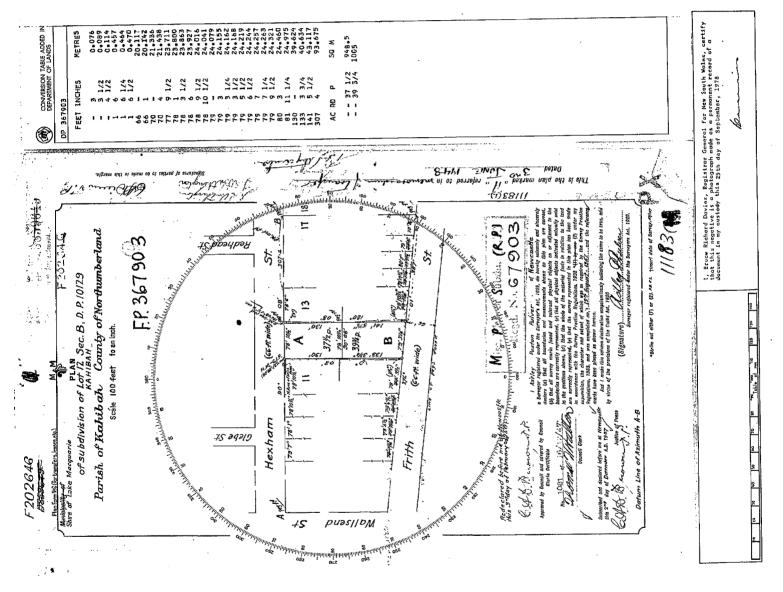
glssar

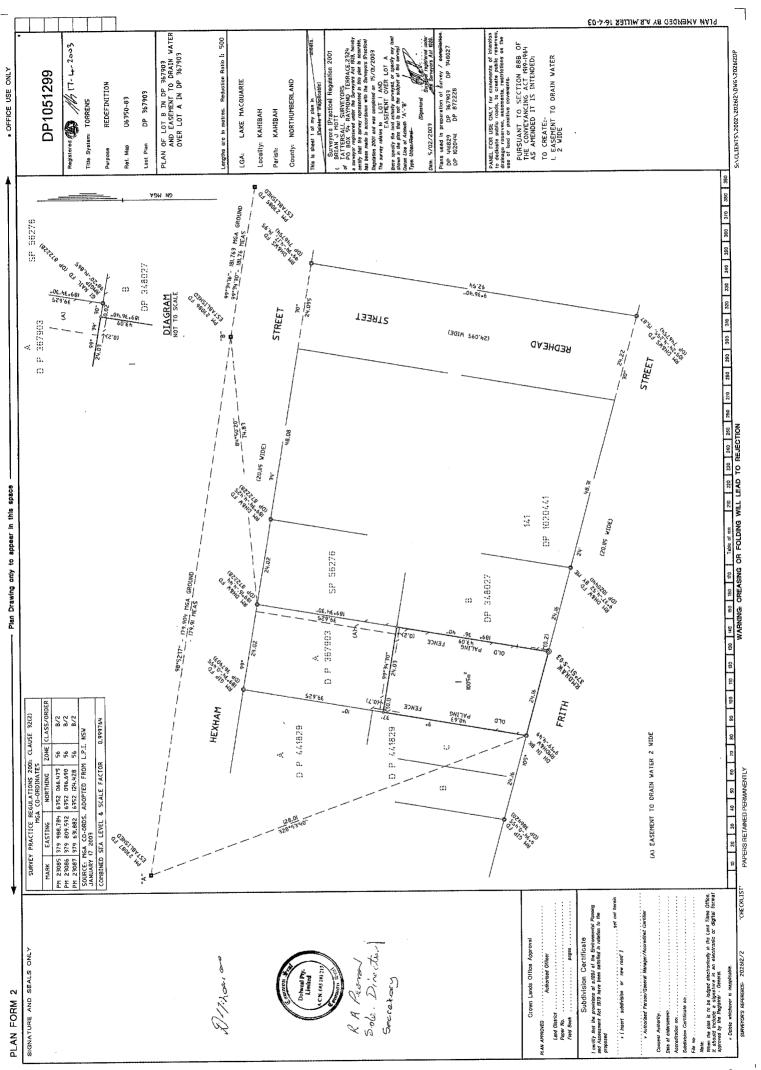
PRINTED ON 4/12/2018

Obtained from NSW LRS on 04 December 2018 12:22 PM AEST

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register.

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DP1051299

INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENT INTENDED TO BE CREATED **UNDER SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT 1919**

Lengths are in metres

Sheet 1 of 1

Plan

Plan of Lot B in DP:367903 and Easement to drain water over

Lot A DP:367903

Name and address of proprietor

David Mitchell Thomas 28 Hexham Street

of the land

KAHIBAH NSW 2290

Name and address of mortgagee

of the land

NIL

PART 1

Identity of easement firstly 1. referred to in abovementioned plan

Easement to drain water 2 wide

Schedule of lots affected:

Lot burdened

Lot benefited

Lot A DP: 367903 being

Lot 1

the land comprised in

Certificate of Title

Volume 6178 Folio 190

David Mitchell Thomas

Signed in my presence by

1) avid Mitchell Thomas who

Is personally known to me:

REGISTERED (17-4-2003

Lake Macquarie City Council



4 December 2018

SARJO CONVEYANCING PO Box 5248 KAHIBAH NSW 2290 Our Ref:122628 Your Ref: OORSCHOT:77116 ABN 81 065 027 868

PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER THE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT, 1979

Fee Paid:

53.00

Receipt No:

10136132

Receipt Date:

30 November 2018

DESCRIPTION OF LAND

Address:

28 Hexham Street, KAHIBAH NSW 2290

Lot Details:

Lot A DP 367903

Parish:

Kahibah

County:

Northumberland

For: MORVEN CAMERON GENERAL MANAGER

Our Ref: Your Ref:

ADVICE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (2)

1 Names of Relevant Planning Instruments and Development Control Plans

(1) The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

Lake Macquarie Local Environmental Plan 2014

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 19 - Bushland in Urban Areas

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 21 - Caravan Parks

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 33 – Hazardous and Offensive Development

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 44 – Koala Habitat Protection

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 50 - Canal Estate Development

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 - Remediation of Land

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 62 - Sustainable Aquaculture

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 64 - Advertising and Signage

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development

State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009

State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

State Environmental Planning Policy - (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 (This SEPP applies to the land to the extent provided by Clause 4 of the SEPP)

State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005

State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (Miscellaneous Consent Provisions) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011

State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017

State Environmental Planning Policy (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017

(2) The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Secretary has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved).

Lake Macquarie Local Environmental Plan 2014 (Amendment No. F2014/01451)

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) Amendment (Review) 2016

(3) The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan 2014

(4) In this clause, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for a Local Environmental Plan or a Draft environmental planning instrument.

2 Zoning and land use under relevant Local Environmental Plans

- (1) The following answers (a) to (h) relate to the instrument (see 1(1) above).
- (a) (i) The identity of the zone applying to the land.
 - R3 Medium Density Residential

under Lake Macquarie Local Environmental Plan 2014

- (ii) The purposes for which the Instrument provides that development may be carried out within the zone without the need for development consent.
 - Exempt development as provided in Schedule 2; Home occupations
- (iii) The purposes for which the Instrument provides that development may not be carried out within the zone except with development consent.

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Boat sheds; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; centre-based child care facility; Community facilities; Dwelling houses; Emergency services facilities; Environmental facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Flood mitigation works; Group homes; Home-based child care; Home businesses; Home industries; Hostels; Hotel or motel accommodation; Kiosks; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Places of public worship; Recreation

areas; Registered clubs; Residential flat buildings; Respite day care centres; Roads; Secondary dwellings; Seniors housing; Sewage reticulation systems; Sewage treatment plants; Shop top housing; Water recreation structures; Water recycling facilities; Water supply systems

(iv) The purposes for which the Instrument provides that development is prohibited within the zone.

Any other development not specified in item (ii) or (iii)

NOTE:

The advice in sections (a) above relates only to restrictions that apply by virtue of the zones indicated. The Lake Macquarie LEP 2014 includes additional provisions that require development consent for particular types of development, or in particular circumstances, irrespective of zoning.

(b) Whether any development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed.

There are no development standards applying to the land that fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house.

(c) Whether the land includes or comprises critical habitat.

No

(d) Whether the land is in a conservation area (however described).

No

(e) Whether an item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 1 Heritage Items

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 1 Heritage items.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 2 Heritage conservation areas

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 2 Heritage conservation areas.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 3 Archaeological sites

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 3 Archaeological sites.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 4 Landscape Items

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 4 Landscape items.

Local Environmental Plan 2004 Schedule 4 Part 1 Heritage Items

There are no heritage items listed for this land within Local Environmental Plan 2004 Schedule 4 Part 1.

Local Environmental Plan 2004 Part 11 Clause 150 Environmental Heritage

There are no heritage items listed for this land within Local Environmental Plan 2004 Part 11 Clause 150 – South Wallarah Peninsula.

NOTE:

An item of environmental heritage, namely Aboriginal heritage, listed within the Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System (AHIMS), may affect the land. Aboriginal objects are protected under the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974. If Aboriginal objects are found during development, works are to stop and the Office of Environment and Heritage (OEH) contacted immediately. For further information and to access the AHIMS registrar, refer to http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au

- (2) The following answers relate to the Draft Instrument (see 1(2) above).
- (a) Nil

NOTE:

The advice in section (a) above relates only to restrictions that apply by virtue of the zones indicated. The Draft instrument may include additional provisions that require development consent for particular types of development, or in particular circumstances, irrespective of zoning.

(b) Whether any development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed.

There are no development standards applying to the land that fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house.

(c) Whether the land includes or comprises critical habitat.

No

(d) Whether the land is in a conservation area (however described).

No

(e) Whether an item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land.

No

3 Complying development

The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), and 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Housing Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Housing Alterations Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Subdivisions Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Rural Housing Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Greenfield Housing Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

General Development Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Demolition Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Fire Safety Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

4 Coastal Protection

(Repealed 3 April 2018)

4A Information relating to beaches and coasts

(Repealed 3 April 2018)

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Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

Whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

Nil

NOTE:

"Existing coastal protection works" are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the Local Government Act 1993.

5 Mine subsidence

Whether or not the land is proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of section 20 of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017.

The land is within a proclaimed Mine Subsidence District under the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017*. The approval of the Mines Subsidence Board is required for all subdivision and building, except for certain minor structures. Surface development controls are in place to prevent damage from old, current, or future mining. It is strongly recommended prospective purchasers consult with the Mine Subsidence Board regarding mine subsidence and any surface development guidelines. The Board can assist with information, mine subsidence, and advise whether existing structures comply with the requirements of the *Act*.

6 Road widening and road realignment

Whether the land is affected by any road widening or realignment under:

(a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993.

No

(b) any environmental planning instrument.

Nο

(c) any resolution of the Council.

No, other road widening proposals may affect this land and if so, will be noted on the Section 10.7 Subsection (5) certificate.

7 Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

Whether or not the land is affected by a policy:

- (i) adopted by the Council, or
- (ii) adopted by any other public authority and notified to the Council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in planning certificates issued by the Council,

that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of:

(a) land slip or subsidence

Yes

Relevant sections of Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan 2014 and Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan No.1 apply when development is proposed on land covered by Council's geotechnical areas map. The map is available for viewing at the Council. If you require any further clarification on the policy and how it may affect any possible development contact the Council on 02 4921 0333.

(b) bushfire

No

(c) tidal inundation

No

(d) acid sulfate soils

Yes

Relevant sections of Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan 2014 and Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan No.1 apply when development is proposed on land covered by the Acid Sulfate Soils Map. If you require any further clarification on the policy and how it may affect any possible development contact the Council on 02 4921 0333.

(e) contaminated or potentially contaminated land

Yes

Council has adopted a policy that may restrict the development of Contaminated or Potentially Contaminated land. This policy is implemented when zoning, development, or land use changes are proposed. Council does not hold sufficient information about previous use of the land to determine whether the land is contaminated. Consideration of Council's adopted Policy located in the applicable DCP noted in Clause 1(3) above, and the application of provisions under relevant State legislation is recommended.

(f) any other risk (other than flooding).

No

NOTE:

The absence of a council policy restricting development of the land by reason of a particular natural hazard does not mean that the risk from that hazard is non-existent.

7A Flood related development controls information

(1) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is subject to flood related development controls.

No

(2) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for any other purpose is subject to flood related development controls.

No

(3) Words and expressions in this clause have the same meanings as in the standard instrument set out in the Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order 2006.

8 Land reserved for acquisition

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in Clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

No

9 Contributions Plans

The name of each contributions plan applying to the land.

Lake Macquarie City Council Development Contributions Plan - Charlestown Contributions Catchment - 2015

9A Biodiversity Certified Land

This land is not biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

10 Biodiversity stewardship sites

The land is not a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

10A Native vegetation clearing set asides

The land does not contain a set aside area under section 60ZC of the Local Land Services Act 2013.

11 Bush Fire Prone Land

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, **NONE** of that lot is bush fire prone land.

12 Property Vegetation Plans

The land IS NOT subject to a property vegetation plan approved under Part 4 of the Native Vegetation Act 2003 (and that continues in force).

13 Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Has an order been made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if the council has been notified of the order).

The land IS NOT subject to an order made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land.

14 Directions under Part 3A

If there is a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P (2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect, a statement to that effect identifying the provision that does not have effect.

Nil

15 Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

- (a) Whether there is a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.
 - Council is not aware of any site capability certificate for any proposed development on the land.
- (b) Any terms of a kind referred to in clause 18 (2) of State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 that

have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October 2007 in respect of the land.

Nil

16 Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure, schools or TAFE establishments

Whether there is a valid site compatibility certificate (infrastructure, schools or TAFE establishments), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.

Council is not aware of any site capability certificate for any proposed development on the land.

17 Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

(1) Whether there is a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.

Council is not aware of any site capability certificate for any proposed development on the land.

(2) Any terms of a kind referred to in clause 17 (1) or 38 (1) of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009* that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land.

Nil

18 Paper subdivision information

(1) The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.

Nil

(2) The date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.

Not Applicable

Note Words and expressions used in this clause have the same meaning as they have in Part 16C of Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

19 Site verification certificates

Whether there is a current site verification certificate, of which the council is aware, in respect of the land.

No

- (a) The matter certified by the certificateNot Applicable
- (b) The date on which the certificate ceases to be current Not Applicable
- (c) A copy of the certificate (if any) may be obtained from the head office of the Department of Planning and Infrastructure.
- Note A site verification certificate sets out the Secretary's opinion as to whether the land concerned is or is not biophysical strategic agricultural land or critical industry cluster land—see Division 3 of Part 4AA of State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007.

20 Loose-fill asbestos insulation

If the land includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) that are listed on the register that is required to be maintained under that Division

No. Council has not been notified that a residential premises erected on this land has been identified in the NSW Fair Trading Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register as containing loose-fill asbestos ceiling insulation.

21 Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

- (1) Whether there is any affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.
 - No, Council **has not** been notified that an affected building notice is in force in respect of this land.
- (2) (a) Whether there is any building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and
 - A building rectification order **is not** in force in respect of this land.
 - (b) Whether any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.
 - A notice of intention to make a building product rectification order **has not** been given in respect of this land.
- (3) In this clause:
 - Affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the Building

Products (Safety) Act 2017

Building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017

NOTE: The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

Matters arising under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 (s59 (2))

(a) The land to which the certificate relates is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act - if the land (or part of the land) is significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(b) The land to which the certificate relates is subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act - if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued.

No

(c) The land to which the certificate relates is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act - if it is the subject of such an approved proposal at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(d) The land to which the certificate relates is subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act - if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(e) The land to which the certificate relates is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act - if a copy of such a statement has been provided at any time to the local authority issuing the certificate.

No



HUNTER WATER CORPORATION

A.B.N. 46 228 513 446

SERVICE LOCATION PLAN

Enquiries: 1300 657 657
APPLICANT'S DETAILS



Sarjo Conveyancing

N/A

N/A/

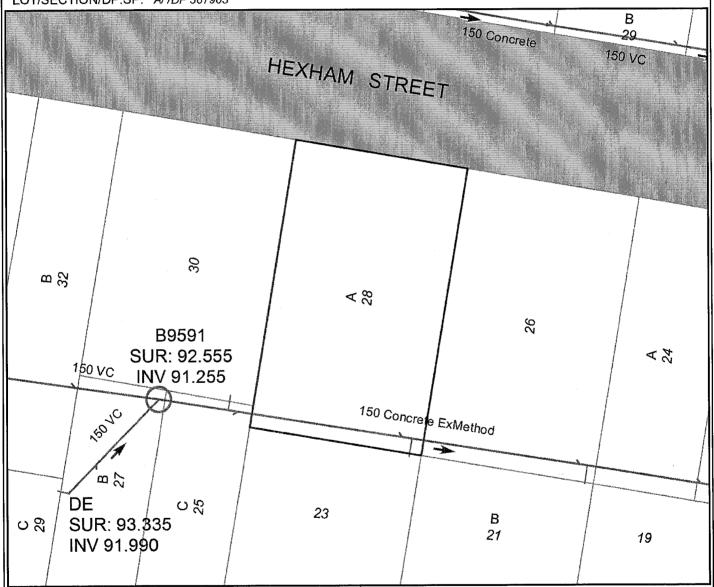
APPLICATION NO.: 9727537747

APPLICANT REF: P OR-JT1ZHDATKH18R

RATEABLE PREMISE NO.: 0554600550

PROPERTY ADDRESS: 28 HEXHAM ST KAHIBAH 2290

LOT/SECTION/DP:SP: A//DP 367903



SEWER POSITION APPROXIMATE ONLY. SUBJECT PROPERTY BOLDED. ALL MEASUREMENTS ARE METRIC.

IF THE ABOVE DIAGRAM SHOWS A HUNTER WATER CORPORATION ASSET LOCATED WITHIN THE PROPERTY, YOUR ATTENTION IS DRAWN TO SECTION 25 OF THE HUNTER WATER ACT 1991 (NSW). ANY DEVELOPMENT LIKELY TO IMPACT THESE ASSETS REQUIRES PRIOR APPROVAL FROM HUNTER WATER CORPORATION AND SPECIAL PROTECTION WORKS MAY BE REQUIRED. PHONE 1300 657 657, FOR MORE INFORMATION.

IMPORTANT:

IF THIS PLAN INDICATES A SEWER CONNECTION IS AVAILABLE OR PROPOSED FOR THE SUBJECT PROPERTY, IT IS THE OWNERS RESPONSIBILITY TO DETERMINE WHETHER IT IS PRACTICABLE TO DISCHARGE WASTEWATER FROM ALL PARTS OF THE PROPERTY TO THAT CONNECTION.

INFORMATION ON THIS PLAN MAY NOT BE UP TO DATE AND THE CORPORATION ACCEPTS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ITS ACCURACY.

Date: 4/12/2018

Scale at A4: 1:500

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